Who can become a Councillor?

Anyone can stand as a candidate provided they meet the qualification requirements (see overleaf) or you can find out more by contacting the Electoral Services department at your local district Council



How will the Council be accountable?

The decisions of the parish/town Council are made by those Councillors who have been elected – or if not enough candidates stand – co-opted to the Council.

Council meetings are open to the public and parish/town Councils must hold one meeting per year which is a meeting for the whole parish known as the Annual Parish Meeting

BECOME A PARISH COUNCILLOR



What is a Town/Parish Council?

A town/parish Council is the tier of local authority closest to its community as it elects representatives from within that community. **Parish and town Councils are democracy on your doorstep**

What is their Role ?

- Represent the local community
- Deliver services within their powers to meet very local needs
- Work to improve quality of life in the parish or town
- Examples of activities:
- Respond to planning applications
- May provide facilities eg play equipment
- Provide grants to community groups

How much will it cost?

Parish/town Councils are entitled to levy a tax from their area.

This is known as the precept and covers the running costs for the Councils such as: election costs, local services, staff salaries and accommodation, (if the Clerk does not work from home).

The cost will vary from Council to Council but parish/town Councils are very cost effective, not least because most parish/town Councillors do not claim expenses allowances. Many will also commission local trades people which supports the local economy.

Who will run the Council?

Parish/town council elections are held every 4 years.

Councillors, (who cannot be deselected during those four years), are the decision making body for the council. If there are insufficient nominations – a Council may have no choice but to coopt non elected members.

Does the Council employ any staff?

A clerk (the proper officer) is appointed to advise councillors, answer enquiries and manage the administration of the council.

At higher tiers, the Clerk would be equivalent to the Chief Executive

Many small parishes only employ a Clerk but larger Councils can have a number of staff, depending on how many functions they undertake eg running cemeteries, village halls.

Where can I get further information?

For any further information please contact:

Your parish or town council clerk or



Warwickshire and West Midlands Association of Local Councils Tel: 01789 472616 Email:enquiries@walc.org.uk Website:www.walc.org.uk

Do I qualify to stand for election?

You should be:

- ✤ Aged 18 or over
- A British, or Commonwealth Citizen or Euronational Citizen

and meet *one* of the four following qualifications

- A registered local government elector for the administrative area of the parish
- or
- Resident for 12 months prior to the day of nomination and election – either in the parish or within 4.8 kms. of the boundary

or

 Occupied as owner or tenant of land or other premises in the parish for 12 months preceding the day of nomination and election

or

 Had a principal or only place of work for 12 months prior to the day of nomination and election

Am I excluded from standing?

You cannot become a Councillor if:

- * You hold a paid office with the Council
- If you are subject to a bankruptcy restrictions order or an interim order
- If you have within five years before the election or since election been convicted in the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man of any offence and been sentenced to not less than three months imprisonment (whether suspended or not) without the option of a fine
- Disqualified under the Representatio of the People Act 1983 or under the Audit Commission Act 1998
- Disqualified from standing for election
 following a decision at the
 Standards for England First Tier
 Tribunal

